

1		BELLSOUTH TELECOMMUNICATIONS, INC.
2		REBUTTAL TESTIMONY OF G. DAVID CUNNINGHAM
3	BEI	FORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION OF SOUTH CAROLINACE COM
4		DOCKET NO. 2001-65-C
5		JUNE 11, 2001
6		EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS
7	Q.	PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME, ADDRESS AND POSITION WITH
8		BELLSOUTH TELECOMMUNICATIONS, INC. (HEREINAFTER
9		REFERRED TO AS "BELLSOUTH" OR "THE COMPANY").
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11	A.	My name is G. David Cunningham and my business address is 3535
12		Colonnade Parkway, Birmingham, Alabama 35243. My position is
13		Director in the Finance Department of BellSouth.
14		
15	Q.	ARE YOU THE SAME G. DAVID CUNNINGHAM WHO FILED DIRECT
16		TESTIMONY IN THIS DOCKET?
17		
18	A.	Yes.
19		
20	Q.	WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF YOUR REBUTTAL TESTIMONY?
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22	A.	The purpose of my rebuttal testimony is to respond to the testimonies
23		of Mr. Don J. Wood, on behalf of New South Communications, NuVox
24		Communications, Broadslate Networks, ITC^DeltaCom
25		Communications, and KMC Telecom, and Mr. David S. Lacoste of the
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1		Public Service Commission of South Carolina, regarding the
2		appropriate economic lives for use in BellSouth's cost studies.
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4	Q.	PLEASE REVIEW THE LIVES THAT BELLSOUTH USED IN ITS
5		COST STUDIES.
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7	A.	The economic lives used in BellSouth's cost studies are listed in Exhibi
8		GDC-1 of my direct testimony, and are supported by BellSouth's South
9		Carolina Depreciation Study, which is attached to my direct testimony
10		as Exhibit GDC-2. The Depreciation Study provides detailed
11		explanation and analysis for each asset account, in support of the
12		economic lives used in the cost studies. These forward-looking lives
13		appropriately reflect the impact of rapid technological changes taking
14		place in the telecommunications industry.
15		
16	Q.	IN HIS TESTIMONY, MR. WOOD (PAGE 77) STATES THAT LIVES
17		PRESCRIBED BY THE FCC WERE CONSIDERED IN DETERMINING
18		THE LIVES THAT HE RECOMMENDS FOR USE IN THE COST
19		STUDIES. DO YOU AGREE THAT FCC-PRESCRIBED LIVES ARE
20		APPROPRIATE FOR USE IN THE COST STUDIES?
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22	A.	No, I do not. As I stated in my direct testimony, the FCC last
23		prescribed lives for BellSouth in South Carolina in 1995. (For some
24		reason, Mr. Wood's Exhibit DJW-8 apparently lists lives prescribed by
25		the FCC in 1995 for BellSouth operations in the state of Florida, rather

1		than those prescribed in 1995 for South Carolina. However, this does
2		not alter BellSouth's response.) These lives are much too long,
3		particularly for the technology-sensitive accounts. They do not
4		appropriately reflect the impact of rapid technological changes taking
5		place in the telecommunications industry. These changes, which
6		BellSouth must embrace in order to stay competitive, shorten asset
7		lives significantly beyond what the FCC prescribed in 1995.
8		
9		As stated in my direct testimony, BellSouth has emphasized to the FCC
10		many times that substantially more progress is needed in moving to
11		lives that adequately reflect the current pace of technology and
12		competitive changes. BellSouth has made clear to the FCC its position
13		that BellSouth should be allowed to establish its own interstate
14		depreciation rates, as it does in South Carolina and other states for
15		intrastate purposes with implementation of price regulation.
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17	Q.	MR. WOOD ALSO STATES IN HIS TESTIMONY (PAGE 77) THAT
18		THE FCC'S RANGE OF LIVES WAS CONSIDERED IN
19		DETERMINING THE LIVES THAT HE RECOMMENDS. DO YOU
20		AGREE THAT LIVES BASED ON THE FCC RANGES ARE
21		APPROPRIATE FOR USE IN THE COST STUDIES?
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23	A.	No, I do not. Lives based on FCC ranges, particularly for the
24		technology-sensitive accounts, are too long.
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As part of CC Docket No. 92-296, the FCC issued a Notice of
Proposed Rulemaking in which it stated its intent of simplifying the
depreciation prescription process. The FCC's approach to
simplification was to set up ranges of projection lives and future net
salvage estimates for most of the asset accounts. Under this
procedure, if a company is meeting certain predetermined prerequisites
and proposes to use projection lives or future net salvage estimates
from within these ranges, the company need not submit the
voluminous, detailed supporting data otherwise required. The goal
expressed by the FCC was simplification, not to assure forward-looking
lives.
The FCC's ranges were generally developed by nothing more than
The FCC's ranges were generally developed by nothing more than taking one standard deviation around the mean of the lives and salvage
taking one standard deviation around the mean of the lives and salvage
taking one standard deviation around the mean of the lives and salvage values that the FCC had prescribed most recently for the various
taking one standard deviation around the mean of the lives and salvage values that the FCC had prescribed most recently for the various accounts for the local exchange carriers. For most of these accounts,
taking one standard deviation around the mean of the lives and salvage values that the FCC had prescribed most recently for the various accounts for the local exchange carriers. For most of these accounts, the ranges were based on 1990 – 1992 prescriptions, and with the
taking one standard deviation around the mean of the lives and salvage values that the FCC had prescribed most recently for the various accounts for the local exchange carriers. For most of these accounts, the ranges were based on 1990 – 1992 prescriptions, and with the exception of one account (that is, moving the low end of the FCC life
taking one standard deviation around the mean of the lives and salvage values that the FCC had prescribed most recently for the various accounts for the local exchange carriers. For most of these accounts, the ranges were based on 1990 – 1992 prescriptions, and with the exception of one account (that is, moving the low end of the FCC life range for the Digital Switching account from 16 to 12 years), have not
taking one standard deviation around the mean of the lives and salvage values that the FCC had prescribed most recently for the various accounts for the local exchange carriers. For most of these accounts, the ranges were based on 1990 – 1992 prescriptions, and with the exception of one account (that is, moving the low end of the FCC life range for the Digital Switching account from 16 to 12 years), have not been updated since. Clearly, lives prescribed a decade ago could

Q.

THE COST STUDIES?

INAPPROPRIATENESS OF USING FCC-PRESCRIBED LIVES IN

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2	A.	FCC-prescribed lives are inappropriate for use in forward-looking cost
3		studies because the FCC continues to rely on history to determine the
4		lives that it prescribes. BellSouth does not believe that simply looking
5		at the past can possibly indicate what will happen in the future with
6		equipment that is sensitive to rapid changes in technology. This rear-
7		view mirror approach is clearly not appropriate for projecting the future
8		of this equipment.
9		
10		As I stated in my direct testimony, emphasis on historical retirement
11		patterns is an indication that one does not expect the future to vary
12		significantly from the past. Even a casual observation of the
13		telecommunications industry today leaves no doubt that there is an
14		evolution taking place that cannot help but have a major effect on
15		telecommunications assets.
16		
17	Q.	WHAT COMMENTS DO YOU HAVE REGARDING MR. LACOSTE'S
18		TESTIMONY?
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20	A.	Mr. Lacoste discusses on page 2 of his testimony his observations
21		concerning the actual depreciation rates used by BellSouth. As
22		clarification, I remind the parties here that my testimony, along with the
23		2000 BellSouth South Carolina Depreciation Study attached to my
24		direct testimony as Exhibit GDC-2, supports appropriate economic lives

for use in the cost studies, not depreciation rates. Economic lives and

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1		future net salvage percentages are inputs to the cost model to
2		determine depreciation rates for the forward-looking cost studies. The
3		depreciation rates used for booking are not appropriate for use in the
4		model. As I stated on page 3 of my direct testimony, "The depreciation
5		study also describes average remaining lives and depreciation rates to
6		be used for depreciation booking purposes. These parameters,
7		however, relate to embedded investment and are not used in the cost
8		studies."
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10	Q.	DOES THIS CONCLUDE YOUR TESTIMONY?
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12	A.	Yes, it does.
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The undersigned, Susan Davis Gibson, hereby certifies that she is employed by the Legal Department for BellSouth Telecommunications, Inc. ("BellSouth") and that she has caused the Rebuttal Testimony of G. David Cunningham to be served by placing such in the care and custody of the United States Postal Service, with first-class postage affixed thereto and addressed to the following this June 11, 2001:

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